## SPICE Model - XFL2010

This lumped-element (SPICE) model data simulates the frequency-dependent behavior of Coilcraft power inductors within the frequency range shown in the accompanying table for each individual inductor.

The data represents de-embedded measurements, as described below. Effects due to different customer circuit board traces, board materials, ground planes or interactions with other components are not included and can have a significant effect when comparing the simulation to measurements of the inductors using other production verification instruments and fixtures.

## Lumped Element Modeling Method

Measurements were made using a 50 Ohmimpedance analyzer. Fixture compensation was performed to remove fixture effects. No DC bias current was applied in any of the measurements. The lumped element values were determined by optimizing the simulation model to an average of the measurements. This method results in a model that represents as closely as possible the typical frequency-dependent behavior of the component within the model frequency range.

The equivalent lumped element model schematic is shown below. Each model should only be analyzed at the input and output ports. Individual elements of the model are not determined by parametermeasurement. The elements are determined by the overall performance of the lumped element model compared to the measurements taken of the component.

The value ofthe frequency-dependent variable resistor

$R_{\text {VAR1 }}$ is calculated from:

$$
R_{V A R 1}=k 1 \times \sqrt{f}
$$

- k1isshownforeachvalue intheaccompanyingtable.
- f is the frequency in Hz
- $R_{\text {VAR1 }}$ is the resistance in Ohms

The value ofthe frequency-dependent variable resistor $R_{\text {VAR } 2}$ is calculated from:

$$
R_{\text {VAR2 } 2}=k 2 \times \sqrt{f}
$$

- k2 isshownfor each value inthe accompanying table.
- $f$ is the frequency in Hz
- $\mathrm{R}_{\text {VAR2 }}$ is the resistance in Ohms

Note: The log function in the following equation is the natural logarithm, base e, not base 10 .
The value of the frequency-dependentinductance $L_{\text {VAR }}$ is calculated from:

$$
L_{\text {VAR }}=k 3-k 4 \times \operatorname{LOG}(k 5 \times f)
$$

- k3, k4, and k5 are shown in the accompanying table.
- f is the frequency in Hz
- $\mathrm{L}_{\text {VAR }}$ is the inductance in $\mu \mathrm{H}$
- LOG is the natural LOG (basee)


## Disclaimer

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## SPICE Model for Coilcraft XFL2010 Power Inductors

|  | Frequency limit of model (MHz) |  | R1 ( $\mathbf{\Omega}$ ) | R2 ( $\mathbf{\Omega}$ ) | C (pF) | k1 | k2 | $L_{\text {VAR }}$ Coefficients |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part number | Lower | Upper |  |  |  |  |  | k3 | k4 | k5 |
| XFL2010-400 | 0.1 | 2000 | 9.9 | 0.016 | 0.001 | $2.27 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 0.003 | 0.04 | 1.08E-4 | 1.00E-6 |
| XFL2010-121 | 0.1 | 2000 | 20 | 0.022 | 0.6 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 0.012 | 0.12 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-221 | 0.1 | 1000 | 8 | 0.025 | 0.87 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 0.025 | 0.22 | 1.00E-6 | 1.00E-6 |
| XFL2010-381 | 0.1 | 1000 | 13 | 0.033 | 1 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 0.052 | 0.38 | 1.00E-6 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-601 | 0.1 | 1000 | 17 | 0.054 | 1.1 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 0.09 | 0.6 | 1.00E-6 | 1.00E-6 |
| XFL2010-821 | 0.1 | 1000 | 17 | 0.061 | 1.2 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 0.1 | 0.82 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-102 | 0.1 | 500 | 20 | 0.083 | 1.4 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 0.16 | 1 | 1.00E-6 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-152 | 0.1 | 500 | 10 | 0.115 | 1.3 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 0.26 | 1.5 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-222 | 0.1 | 500 | 14 | 0.156 | 1.3 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 0.37 | 2.2 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-332 | 0.1 | 500 | 9 | 0.213 | 1.82 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 0.55 | 3.3 | $3.09 \mathrm{E}-2$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-472 | 0.1 | 500 | 13 | 0.32 | 1.6 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 0.77 | 4.7 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-682 | 0.1 | 500 | 12 | 0.405 | 1.8 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 1 | 6.8 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-822 | 0.1 | 500 | 15 | 0.511 | 1.9 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 1.3 | 8.2 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-103 | 0.1 | 100 | 22 | 0.595 | 1.9 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 1.7 | 10 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-183 | 0.1 | 100 | 40 | 1.17 | 1.7 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 3.1 | 18 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-223 | 0.1 | 50 | 95 | 1.5 | 2 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 3.7 | 22 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-333 | 0.1 | 50 | 90 | 2.14 | 1.9 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 5.5 | 33 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-473 | 0.1 | 50 | 43 | 2.91 | 2.1 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 8.5 | 47 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-563 | 0.1 | 50 | 30 | 3.66 | 2.2 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 12.6 | 56 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-683 | 0.1 | 50 | 44 | 3.98 | 2.2 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 16.1 | 68 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-823 | 0.1 | 50 | 36 | 5.81 | 1.9 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 20.5 | 82 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-104 | 0.1 | 50 | 63 | 6.98 | 2.4 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 27.3 | 100 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |
| XFL2010-224 | 0.1 | 50 | 46 | 13.66 | 2.4 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | 78.3 | 220 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-6$ |

